



For the Proprietor of  
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH  
For and on behalf of  
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L. J. J. J.

# The Hongkong Telegraph

Today's Weather: Light Southeast winds. Fair.  
Noon Observations: Barometric pressure, 1013.9 mbs. 29.94  
In. Temperature, 82.4 deg. F. Dew point, 77 deg. F. Relative  
humidity, 83%. Wind direction, East. Wind force, 2 knots.  
Low water: 3 ft. 4 in. at 6.27 p.m. High water: 6 ft. 1  
in. at 1.42 p.m.

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VOL. IV NO. 227

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1949.

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## So Secret It Has No Name

London, Sept. 25.—The Sunday paper, *Empire News*, reported today that Britain had concluded a secret agreement for Portugal's entire output of "a vital radioactive by-product" that was "so secret it doesn't have an official name."

Under the headline, "Britain Makes Atom Deal, Gets World Lead," the *Empire News* said this unnamed substance was a by-product of the Portuguese tin mines. "This substance becomes of immense value now that Downing Street and Washington have announced Russia's advance in atomic science," it continued. "World-wide tests have shown that the substance, which is so secret that it has not even been given an official name, can be produced only from the Portuguese tin mines."

There was no official comment on the report. The *Empire News* said negotiations with Portugal lasted for four months and Dr. Antonio Salazar, Portuguese Premier, played an important part in them.

Of London's 11 Sunday newspapers, the *Empire News* and eight others devoted the major part of their front pages to stories on atomic bombs.—United Press.

## AMETHYST AT COLOMBO

Colombo, Sept. 25.—Gleaming with new paint and most of her battle scars removed, the British sloop *Amethyst* steamed quietly into Colombo harbour at dawn today.

Today HMS *Mauritius* entertained the officers of the *Amethyst* to lunch, while the Ceylon Navy is entertaining the entire ship's company tonight. Prime Minister D. S. Senanayake will visit the *Amethyst* on Monday.—Associated Press.

## U.S. Interested In Malta

Washington, Sept. 25.—It was reported today that the National Defence Department is considering the idea of having a United States arms dump in the island of Malta.—United Press.

## EDITORIAL

### The Italian Colonies

ONE of the most important problems facing the present session of the United Nations General Assembly—at least as far as Britain is concerned—is the future of the former Italian colonies in North Africa. This question was left unsettled by the Peace Conference in 1946, and in the absence of an agreement since, all these territories—except an area of Libya administered by France—have been under British control. This has presented Britain with a number of difficult problems: with the future of the area, in doubt the British administration has been unable to work to any long-term plan, and the unsettled conditions in many of the territories have involved Britain in expense which she can ill afford. In May this year, in an effort to break the deadlock which had arisen, Britain presented the Assembly with the Bevin-Sforza agreement. This proposed the re-establishment of a certain measure of Italian control: Italy was to have been given the trusteeship of Somaliland and Tripolitania, but was to renounce her claim to Eritrea, most of which would have been given to Abyssinia. Libya would have been given independence within ten years, and until then Cyrenaica would have been placed under British trusteeship, and the Fezzan under French trusteeship. This agreement angered the Asiatic bloc, which refused to see Italian rule restored in any degree, in any of the territories. The plan was rejected by one vote. The opposition to the Bevin-Sforza agreement was such that there is obviously no hope of the Assembly agreeing to reconsider it; indeed, the nationalists which caused its rejection in May is now more pronounced

than ever. The Arabs are unlikely to be satisfied with anything less than complete independence—though the Assembly must seriously consider whether or not they are far enough advanced to be entrusted with the responsibility of self-rule. And in Tripolitania, for instance, Italy has genuine interests which cannot be ignored. There are still many Italian colonists there, and most of them are doctors, technicians and others without whom the state could not be run. Even without undue sympathy for the Italian cause, it must be admitted that as colonists they devote skill and energy to their task, and what trade and industry exists in these territories is owed solely to them. However much the natives resent Italian domination, it is hard to see how they will manage in the future without at least Italian technical and economic aid. A solution of the problem is by no means easy. What is best for the native peoples is not necessarily what they want, and the Assembly must be prepared for the rejection by the Asiatic nations of any plan which does not guarantee independence for the Arabs and Somalis. The Latin-American nations have shown that they will not support any proposal detrimental to Italy's interests. And the Russians will probably oppose any Western proposal on principle. Obviously the best that can be hoped for is a compromise, and Italy would do well not to be too optimistic. It seems plain that she will not regain the Empire she lost during the war; her only hope is that the people she once ruled will accept her aid and co-operation in developing their countries.

## Namur Agreement Does Not Please Indonesians

Jogjakarta, Sept. 25.—A spokesman for the Moslem and Nationalist parties, the two largest within the Republic, tonight expressed strong disapproval of the Indonesian-Dutch agreement reach at Namur, Belgium, regarding the status of the proposed Netherlands-Indonesian union.

One of the spokesmen, Mohammed Saleh, Secretary General of the Moslem Party, charged that the proposed Union was a "colony in new garb." He said Dr Sukiman, the party's representative in the Republican delegation to The Hague, would be recalled to make a report, and added that the government at Jogjakarta—not the delegation at The Hague—should make the policy decision.

A Nationalist Party spokesman said the informal Namur decision created excitement throughout Indonesia and reflected the weakness of the present Republican delegation. It was believed the Socialist Party maintained a similar stand-point, but it has not yet commented. Meanwhile, the diplomatic courier of the Republican delegation to The Hague, who arrived here yesterday, expressed "surprise" at the excitement among the Indonesians over the progress of The Hague conference, and voiced optimism over final results of The Hague meeting. He said he believed a solution to all problems would be found within the next two months.

He added that the "Republicans and Federalists were strictly adhering to the joint agreement reached at the Inter-Indonesian conference of August." He said also that the Dutch delegation had shown "much goodwill" in the present negotiations.—United Press.

## £10,000 Reward For Arrest

Damascus, Sept. 25.—Hussein Tewfik, wanted by the Egyptian police on a charge of murdering the former Egyptian Finance Minister, Amin Osman Pasha, was arrested in Damascus last night. The Egyptian Government offered £10,000 (Egyptian) reward for his capture.—Reuter.

## Rail Men Delay Protest

London, Sept. 25.—Meetings of railwaymen at big provincial centres today decided to delay protest action against the rejection by a conciliation board of their claim for an overall increase of 10 shillings per week. A special delegate union meeting will be held on Thursday and Friday.

The London District Council of the Union had decided to start "go slow" working from midnight last Wednesday but this move petered out.

Today, a Liverpool union, representing 1,000 men, decided to wait until the special delegate meeting before they decided on "go slow," but it also decided to press for a review of wages and conditions.

The West Midlands District Council meeting at Birmingham accepted the findings of the Conciliation Board, "in view of the serious economic position of the country," but resolved that a further claim for rises for lower paid grades should be put forward.

Delegates representing 4,000 Gateshead (North-eastern England) railwaymen tonight rejected a resolution calling for "go slow" tactics, but agreed to instruct their delegates to next week's meeting to press for a £5 per week minimum.

The Dundee (Scotland) branch, were to have started "go slow" at midnight last night, but conditions today were reported to be "normal".—Reuter.

## THE MORNING AFTER



Brokers, clerks and traders jam the street in front of the London Stock Exchange as the clock points toward 10 o'clock and the usual opening hour. The Exchange and banks remained closed to avoid financial turmoil on the morning after the announcement that Britain had devalued the pound by 30½ percent.—(AP Picture).

## CHANGED MOOD AT U.N. ASSEMBLY

Flushing Meadows, Sept. 25.—There has been a noticeable transformation of atmosphere at the United Nations General Assembly since Friday when President Truman announced that an "atomic explosion" had occurred in Russia.

With the Foreign Ministers of the "Big Five" and of other Western nations present among them, the topmost diplomats of 50 nations present here have represented a unique concentration of the world's political wisdom, and yet, until

Friday morning, there had been little enthusiasm, beyond newspaper expressions about a "co-operative spirit" marked by "quiet optimism."

These had, for the most part, been occasioned by the sentiment expressed by the Foreign Ministers of the United States, Britain and Soviet Russia on the eve of the Assembly's first meeting.

Within 72 hours of the Truman-Alice announcement, however, the United Nations and its Atomic Commission have become focal points of diplomatic efforts to utilize the United Nations as an instrument of ensuring "freedom from fear" for all Powers, big and small. Ventilation of this fear has ranged from the purely sensational to scientific and military appreciations of American strategic and other security measures.

Meanwhile, United Nations diplomats have been spurred to new activity. All sorts of suggestions and formulae centered round the United Nations are being put forward by diplomats to avert the dangers, as one delegate put it, "of the devaluation of the U.S. atom bomb."

## CONTROL A MUST

The new President of the General Assembly, Brigadier General Carlos P. Romulo, stated that atom control is a "must" for the present session and has stated that the Assembly should take immediate action on it. While the United Nations Atomic Energy Commission remains deadlocked, consultations between representatives of the "Big Five" and Canada are continuing and another meeting is to be held on Thursday.

India's constitutional expert, Sir Benegal N. Rau, who leads the Indian delegation, is playing an important part in attempts to bring about an atomic agreement. Sir Benegal is understood to have suggested to representative delegations here that the deadlock in the Atomic Energy Commission be ended by referring to the International Law Commission in the Atomic Commission, including the "majority" plan and the Soviet Union for international control.—Reuter.

## EUROPERINGED BY RUSSIAN ROCKET BASES

### Aimed At Strategic Points In The West

Frankfurt, Sept. 25.—Russia has virtually ringed Western Europe with super-secret V-2 rocket-launching bases, Allied and German sources said tonight. They said the V-weapon bases were aimed at strategic points in Western Europe, from the English Channel to the Adriatic.

## Testing Britain's Defences

London, Sept. 25.—American B-50 heavy bombers joined British aircraft today in air manoeuvres to test the defences of Britain in "Exercise Bulldog."

The giant B-50s, capable of carrying atomic bombs, flew over the university town of Oxford at 25,000 feet. Attackers also "hit" London.

The American planes were from the U. S. Third Air Division, stationed in England. British jet fighters rose swiftly and intercepted the invaders.

Sir Marshal Sir Aubrey Eliwood, Commander-in-Chief of Britain's Bomber Command, was in control of the attacking forces. He and Major-General Leon W. Johnson, commanding the U.S. Third Air Division, flew in the B-50 raid on Oxford.

The exercise began on Saturday and continues until dawn on Tuesday.—Associated Press.

The report, coupled with Russia's newly-disclosed atomic knowledge, raised the possibility of missiles with atomic warheads blanketing Western Europe in the event of an East-West war.

Anglo-American intelligence sources said they had confirmed reports, brought out of Russia recently by an escaping German expert, that the Soviets were building an elaborate network of V-bomb launching sites around the perimeter of Western Europe. Evidence indicated that the bomb sites were supported by the radar installations necessary to keep guided missiles on their course.

A German expert, who was sent to Russia with other German technicians in 1946, recently escaped to the West. He said that when he fled Russia, five single-battery bases had been completed in Eastern Germany and Czechoslovakia, and three more bases were being constructed.

The expert, identified as a former scientist at the German V-2—Bleichrode—works in Thuringia, said he was forced to serve three years on Russian scientific projects, including the "Soviet Central Institute for V-bomb Development" in Moscow.

He said he escaped when sent to East Germany in July for a holiday, with orders to report later at the former German experimental station at Peenemünde. He added that the Russians had reactivated the laboratory there which was blasted by bombs during the war.

"I had opportunities to look into certain files which reported on strategic planning of V-2 bomb bases in East Germany," he said. According to his Russian overtures, he concluded, several Soviet commissions were working on projects to bring launching sites into action at a few minutes' notice.

**FIXED AND MOBILE**  
Plans for both fixed and mobile bases have been worked out in detail, and stationary bases of one and three batteries have been installed all over Eastern Europe," he reported. "Each already is supplied with ballistic computations and firing orders to a fixed target area in Western Europe."

Locations of finished bases were listed as follows:  
1. Between Neustadt and Penzlin, in the state of Mecklenburg in Germany—aimed at southern Sweden.  
2. Between Andlam and Wolgast, also aimed at Southern Sweden.—United Press.

## Photographer In Trouble Over General Gordon

BY SEYMOUR TOPPING

On Board the General Gordon, Sept. 25.—The American President liner General Gordon sailed from the Nationalist-blockaded port of Shanghai today with 1,219 foreigners. It is the first large-scale exodus of foreigners from Communist China. The General Gordon is heading south towards Hongkong.

## 100 MPH HURRICANE WINDS

Tampico, Florida, Sept. 25.—A tropical hurricane, with winds estimated at as high as 100 miles per hour, bore down on the Mexican Gulf coast south of here today.

Martial law was proclaimed in this important Gulf port, and troops and police evacuated low-lying portions of the city, fearing high tides might flood the waterfront districts. Restrictions were put on all shipping.

Mexican weather observers estimated that the storm would strike the coast between Tuxpan and Nautla at a point about 65 miles south of Tampico at about 0200 GMT on Monday.

Mexican aviation company observers estimated 90 to 100 mph winds within a radius of 30 miles of the centre of the tropical storm.—United Press.

So far the liner has encountered neither Nationalist naval units nor aircraft which are enforcing the blockade. The ship has been granted safe conduct by both the Nationalists and the Communists.

After weeks of struggling with Communist red tape to obtain exit visas, the foreigners were cleared through customs quickly.

It was reported, however, that Chinese labour delegations prevented a handful of passengers from sailing. Communist officials seized the camera of a Chinese photographer employed by the Associated Press, who tried to take pictures on Saturday of the departure preparations.

The officials took the photographer's credentials and also those of Fred Hampson, Associated Press bureau chief, who accompanied him. Mr. Hampson was asked to appear in court on Monday to make an explanation.

There have been no regulations published forbidding such photo taking. Other photographers earlier had been allowed to take pictures.

Most of those on board are leaving because conditions in Communist China made it impossible for them to continue working. There are many diplomatic corps members on board.—Associated Press.

## TO REPEL INVASION

4. Near Guben in Silesia—aimed at the northern part of the island of Rugen, which is Soviet-occupied, to repel any attempt to invade it.

5. East of Pillen in Czechoslovakia—aimed at the Brenner Pass between Italy and Austria.

The expert said three multiple-battery rocket-launching sites were being built with a 25-mile radius of Stettin in Poland, to cover the German bay of the Baltic and the Dutch coast. Three others, he added, were being erected near Hradec Kralove, in Czechoslovakia, aimed at the Balkan countries and the Adriatic coast.—United Press.

**TASS STATEMENT**  
Moscow, Sept. 25.—The official Soviet news agency, Tass, disclosed today that Russia possessed the atomic bomb since 1947, and called for unqualified outlawing of such weapons. The agency asked that controls be established to see that future decision forbidding the construction of the atomic bomb are carried out.

Premier Josef Stalin expressed confidence over two years ago that the bomb would be outlawed, and observers believed that new developments made it probable that Mr. Vishinsky, as chief Soviet delegate to the U.N., would insist that the United Nations reopen discussions on the subject.

Observers pointed out that the Russians had never regarded as idle words the 1947 declaration by Mr. V. M. Molotov, when he was Foreign Minister, that the atomic bomb was no longer a secret. The Tass statement came in the early hours of the morning with such suddenness that it will take some time before its impact on public opinion can be fully felt. It was a very bright autumn morning in Moscow, but soon after the announcement crowds began to huddle around loudspeakers and public squares.—(Continued on Page 5)



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the cigarettes have  
been an adventure  
in luxury."

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you'd like du  
Maurier; they are  
made for just such  
particular people  
as you."



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cigarette so cool and smooth."

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satisfying 'flavour' of  
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that appeals to me."

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## Corduroy Success



By GRACE THORNCLIFFE

CORDUROY COMES into its  
own this autumn, appearing in  
both the clothes and accessory  
pictures. It is the fabric used  
for this trio of autumn acces-  
sories. The hat is an over-sized  
bicornie with inside tucks re-  
laxed to provide a soft full-  
ness all around. The colour is  
a deep plum shade. The shortle  
glove uses the corduroy on the  
diagonal with the rib running  
vertical on the short cuff. The  
pouch bag is leather lined and  
has an adjustable strap. Two  
pockets are worked into the  
cuff that extends around the  
bag.

## Long Handle Bags To Go With Fur Coats

BAGS with elongated handles  
to wear with full-sleeved  
fur coats, enameled frames of  
"corrugated" gold metal, and  
new styles in gaiter bags are  
some of the fashion points  
in the autumn collection by E.  
Milch.

For back to school, there are  
burlap bags lined with bright  
color prints and trimmed  
with brown calfskin. The mus-  
lin bag in burlap is a very long  
roll with a zipper closing. This  
bag is boned throughout the  
lining, so that it will not lose  
its shape.

For fur coats, calf bags are  
done with basic frame bags  
covered with calf overskirts.  
The elongated handles are of  
one piece with the skirts and the  
handles cut out of the leather.  
Hidden zipper pockets are con-  
cealed under the overskirts.

### Varieties

Soft, dressmaker styles are  
shown in antelope. In these  
bags there are luxuriously full  
plates, fine jewel-type metal  
frames. One small, full bag  
has pleats in four corners and  
a dome-shaped enameled gold  
metal frame.

A gate frame is used in a  
patented calf bag. The frame  
closes into four corners; when  
open, it is a square. The base  
is stiffened and round like a  
collar box.

Travel bags are elegant. One  
satchel has one side which may  
be dropped to reveal a set of  
fittings including a perfume  
bottle, cream, jar, comb and  
brush.

A four-compartment  
bag is designed as two envelope  
constructions built together. This  
may be had in calf, sealskin,  
ostrich, pigskin.

As a successor to Milch's  
famous little satchel with double  
outside pocket, a new box bag  
is shown. This has a peaked  
lid closing, caught with a pair  
of gold metal buckles. This  
bag comes in a choice of 15  
shown for evening in velvet,  
brocade and satin. An enve-  
lope with a marcesite-studded  
clasp may be had in clipped  
calf or in satin.

## It Cost £100 To Look At "The Look"

SAID Mr. A. Schloss, buyer for  
several top-ranking American  
houses: "As I am not acting for  
manufacturers, but for retailers,  
I paid only £100 on behalf of  
my clients. I saw quite well, in  
spite of the great crowds on all  
four floors of the salon."

Did Mr. Schloss think that one  
look at the Look was worth  
£100? "One hundred pounds is  
not enough to buy one dress  
from Dior," he said. "The  
arrangement is that this deposit  
is forfeited if one buys nothing,  
but counts towards the payment  
if models are bought. I think it  
is perfectly fair that the charge  
should be made. The dress made  
cost many thousands of pounds  
to create and stage, and it  
would be stupid to show it free  
to all comers."

## Though Characteristically Dior, The Look Is Different

PARIS.  
WIDTH and fullness at  
the top of the figure  
make the biggest news at  
Christian Dior—this season,  
where the same excitement  
prevails as in past years,  
buyers working there from  
night until dawn and crowd-  
ing in again as soon as the  
press showing was over.

Sleeves are mounted below  
the shoulders, some straight,  
some bellied, some bloused,  
giving a smartly bulky look to  
the arm. These treatments are  
used on all types of clothes,  
only classic suits retaining set-in  
sleeves, and even these have the  
wider shoulders of riding-habit  
jackets. Generous blousing of  
bodices and wide waives over a  
coat and topper fronts heighten  
the effect.

This change makes clothes  
look very different, although  
they remain characteristically  
Dior, with small waists belted  
at normal skirt lengths varied  
to suit different types, but tend-  
ing to be shorter, up to 10  
inches from the floor, and oc-  
casionally still higher, and with  
both wide and narrow skirts  
included.

Pockets are still important,  
but are now placed over the  
breasts in a softly curved out-  
line instead of on the hips or  
at the shoulders.

### Straight Plus Bias

"Middle of the Century" is  
how Dior describes his collection.  
He says the silhouette results  
from the method of cut based  
on the internal geometry of  
fabrics. Straight and bias cuts  
are used together, sometimes in  
spreading, detached panels like  
windmill sails on straight skirts  
or on narrow floor-length even-  
ing gowns, in front panels  
crossed like scissors. The  
treatments are emphasised when  
done in different fabrics as  
velvet panels on woolen or  
taffeta.

### Supple the Word

Suppleness is the leading  
characteristic, whether clothes  
are full or narrow. Bloused

## New Way To Treat Scabies

By H. N. BUNDESEN, M.D.

IN years gone by we have  
heard much talk about the  
seven-year itch. This is a con-  
dition which produces a great  
deal of itching on the skin, and  
it was thought that seven years  
were required to get rid of it.  
Now it can be cleared up  
quickly with proper treatment  
and, therefore, it would appear  
that the expression, seven-year  
itch, should no longer be used.  
We now know that this disor-  
der is due to infestation of the  
skin with a tiny parasite. The  
disorder is known as scabies,  
and itching is the most out-  
standing symptom.

The parasite burrows or digs  
its way into the skin, and the  
female lays its eggs in these  
burrows. On careful examina-  
tion, these burrows may be seen  
as little black lines on the skin.  
They are most easily noted in  
between the fingers.

### Parasites Are Carried

Of course, when scratching  
occurs, the parasites are carried  
to various other parts of the  
skin. The skin may become ir-  
ritated, so that patients with  
scabies often have boils and  
many scratch marks. Further-  
more, the parasites get into the  
bedding and clothing, and the  
disorder may easily be trans-  
mitted from one person to another.  
It is often found that all mem-  
bers of a family are affected.

The standby treatment for  
this condition still seems to be  
sulphur ointment. One of the  
difficulties with this remedy,  
however, is that irritation of the  
skin sometimes results from its  
use.

More recently a new prepara-  
tion, known as gammexane,  
has been found quite helpful.  
This insecticide was developed  
in England during the war. It  
has been used to control chig-  
gers, ticks, fleas, bedbugs, and  
lice.

When the gammexane was  
tested on 100 patients with  
scabies, all were cured after  
from one to three treatments. In  
fact, in two out of three of the  
patients there was no sign of  
activity of the condition after a  
single application.

### Treatment

The gammexane is applied in  
the form of a cream. It is non-  
toxic, non-irritating, and has a  
faint, but not unpleasant odour.  
Scabies is not a difficult dis-  
order to diagnose and, once the  
diagnosis has been made, it  
would appear that the use of  
the gammexane would be worth  
trying. From the excellent re-  
sults thus far obtained from it.

shirtwaist dresses in woollens,  
crepes, supple taffetas, and  
lames have full gathered or  
pleated skirts. Loose toppers  
and coats have fullness massed  
in folds down the sides. Collars  
include cowl back drapes, this  
for a couple of two-piece models  
on parka jacket lines, and  
collars generally flexible. A  
back pleat including a new  
variation adds suppleness to  
bloused jackets or loose coats.

### Short for Evening

Much importance is given  
short evening dresses which  
Dior calls Demi-Soir, although  
many are rich and low-cut  
enough for the most formal  
gathering. They correspond  
better to modern life, he says,  
and the collection contains a  
wide variety, from the jeune fille  
wide-skirted frock entirely  
covered with pale pink petals of  
organza as light as feathers to  
narrow straight belted sheaths  
of satin or velvet with dangle  
rhinestone or bead embroideries.

Long dresses range from nar-  
row sheaths to enormous crino-  
lined gala gowns. Decolletes,  
which are often strapless, also  
include deep ovals over straight  
bands across the breast, like  
certain decolletes of the 20s.

### Big Fabric Interest

There is enormous fabric in-  
terest throughout, starting with  
rustic, bulky woollens which are  
even used for an occasional  
dress. Broadcloths, crepes,  
jerseys, thin silk taffetas, and  
satin are all used. There is  
much velvet. More brooches are  
seen here than elsewhere,  
including metal brooches but in  
young, simple styles. Fabric  
combinations are a big feature,  
as velvet or broadcloth with  
satin or taffeta.

Black leads numerically here,  
but there are wonderful shades  
of intense inky blue in silks and  
velvets; a light luminous green

blue called Enamel; grayed  
navy; Rouge Dior, which is in  
the scarlet range; pale pastel  
pink; and also considerable  
beige and brown.

### Calots and Berets

Cute hats include many calot  
types individualised by little  
padded horns like double  
crescents or extended by a  
narrow rim at the side or side-  
back. Peaked toques in fur or  
felt are ridged like melons.  
Small berets worn on the side  
of the head are held on by a  
bandeau or are posed back and  
attached to a visor pitched for-  
ward.

Larger hats include bicornes  
with each side slit into graceful  
double points; also big coolie  
plateaux with a diamond brooch  
at centre top.

### Much Costume Jewellery

Costume jewellery is given  
great importance. Ropes of  
pearls are worn with town  
clothes. Big brooches are shown  
in original poses as on the  
shoulders or near the belt. Big  
necklaces of ebony wood are  
endowed for daytime. Coloured  
stone necklaces are also fea-  
tured. Handsome rhinestone  
necklaces and earrings are as  
beautifully set as real diamonds.  
Youthful diadems of bead work  
are composed of a circlet hold-  
ing tiny crescents like those  
worn by the goddess Diana.

Accessories include tailored  
leather belts worn with practi-  
cally everything; shoulder-high  
black kid gloves; and Pergin  
sandals composed of narrow  
ribbonlike straps uncovering  
most of the foot.

Furs are numerous and  
varied, from square-shouldered  
capes of curly lamb to ermine  
worked in thin strips. Among  
the smartest is a full three-  
quarter swag of black ermine  
with big soft pockets.

## Striking Wool Plaid



Nicol of Sweden

By PRUNELLA WOOD

FROM the Swedish designer, Sven Anderson, comes  
this striking wool plaid... palest gray with  
yellow, black and darker gray harmony... set for  
cool days and all-winter snows.

The top is a current treatment of the shirt  
classic, with big cuffs and arching collar; the  
extremely full skirt is disciplined by wide pleats laid  
flat to the wide black suede belt, but unpressed in  
another current vogue.

## Right Powder Is Essential



To give your skin a smooth texture, a powder-cake type make-up is  
excellent. You need no foundation; just pat it on skin with a puff.

By HELEN FOLLETT

SOME old timers like to tell  
about the beauties of their  
young days who had such per-  
fect complexions that they  
never had to apply powder. It  
would not be polite to argue  
this matter, but one wonders  
perhaps we have such paragons  
with us today, but one never  
runs across them. The powder  
pad is an important item. To  
dispense with it would be  
like turning one's back on one's  
best friend.

The right kind of powder not  
only removes shine, but it  
glorifies the skin, giving it  
velvety smoothness and a look  
of richness. If your colouring  
isn't precisely what you wish it  
to be, powder, rouge and lip-  
stick will give it an entirely dif-  
ferent character. To be sure,  
you may have difficulty in  
finding the flattering tone, so  
seek the advice of the girl at  
the cosmetic counter. To give  
skin smooth texture, you  
might like to try a powder-cake  
type make-up that is founda-

tion and powder all in one.  
Girls with oily skins lament  
about powders that do not stay  
by one. There's an easy way  
of getting around that problem.  
Apply a foundation cosmetic  
first. Like powder, these tol-  
erances must carry the flattering  
colour.

Just a word of warning to  
beauty questers who are getting  
at life's mid-channel period, if  
you get to the point that you  
don't bother to powder your  
nose and spread on the rubus  
venice you are slipping. That's  
bad. The face that is naked,  
and unshamed, showing never  
a suggestion of synthetic loveli-  
ness, is definitely out-moded.

Natural beauty is all right, but  
how many girls and women  
have it to such an extent that  
modern improvements won't  
make it better, prettier, love-  
lier? Then, too, it is fun to play  
with the make-up box, a diver-  
sion without which practically  
every sane woman would find  
life very dull.



## Watermelon Is a Refresher

"NOW, Madame, we are  
going to cut a real melon."  
After a few professional strokes  
on the steel and a flourish of  
the carving knife, he cut it,  
first in halves, then one of the  
halves into quarters.

"But, Chef, I can't eat that  
much melon!"

### 65 Calories To A lb

"But, Madame, this is water-  
melon. It is almost a drink.  
You will eat it slowly, so it will  
cool you off. Before you know  
it, it will be finished."

"At least we won't put on  
weight by eating it, for a whole  
pound of watermelon contains  
only 65 calories."

Instead of putting the big  
portions of melon on flat serv-  
ing plates, the Chef skillfully  
carved out all the edible portion  
from the rind, cut it in triangles  
and put it on deep soup plates.  
"Then the melon will not skid  
when it is eaten. The way to  
enjoy eating watermelon is with  
a knife and fork," he remarked,  
placing them on the table. "You  
cut it conveniently with the  
knife and pick out the seeds  
with the fork and proceed."

"For mealtimes, Chef, some-  
times I like the rich pulp of the  
melon cut into blocks, or shaped  
into balls or pyramids with an  
ice-cream scoop, and served  
three to a person."

"And for de luxe daintiness,  
Madame, I suggest shaping the  
pulp into small balls with a  
French potato cutter or a round  
measuring teaspoon. They look  
very nice in sherbet glasses with  
mint to garnish. And they are  
a beautiful decoration for a cold  
meat platter or a fruit salad  
plate."

### Nico Texture

"Chef, this watermelon rind  
seems to have a considerable  
flavour and a nice texture. I  
understand that in Maine,  
watermelon rind pie is popular.  
They peel the rind, and slice it  
very thin. To a quart they add  
1/2 tsp. mixed pastry spice, a  
little salt, 1 tsp. flour and 3/4 c.  
sugar. Then mix it all into a  
plum with rich pie dough. A  
few dots of butter, a criss-cross  
top crust, and it's baked like  
apple pie, from 35 to 40  
minutes."

"Very interesting, Madame. I  
shall try that pie. Only I shall  
use 1 1/2 cups pineapple and  
2/3 melon rind. It will be a  
good way to make the pineapple  
go more far. As this water-  
melon is so big we shall have  
considerable rind, so if you will  
give me your recipe I will make  
it."

### Sweet-Sour Beets

Boil or pressure-cook 8  
medium-sized beets with the  
skins on. Then rinse with cold  
water, slip off the skins and  
slice or dice the beets. In a  
saucepan combine 1/2 c. cider  
vinegar, 1/4 c. liquid drained  
from the beets and 7 tsp. sugar;  
bring to boiling point. Blend 1/2  
tbsp. cornstarch with 1 tsp.  
cold water. Stir into the boiling  
vinegar. Cook and stir 2 min.  
Add the beets and 1 tsp. but-  
ter. Cover and heat 3 min.



## PICTORIAL NEWSFRONT



**FOUND AT LONG LAST**—Mountaineers near Mt. Hood, Oregon, examine the tail section of an Air Force B-26 that crashed there on April 21, killing three. Pieces of the plane were scattered over an area of 160 acres.



**BEGINNING THE SEARCH**—More than 200 farmers armed with shotguns searched the area around New Lenox, Illinois, for a large animal suspected of being a panther or a bear. Reports had come in that an animal was attacking cattle by jumping on their backs and leaving scratches.



**A DESERT JEWEL**—Jean Marie Pettit stands beside a half-ton block of selenite in Las Vegas, Nevada. This museum specimen was mined near that city and has been on exhibit at a gem and mineral show where it was a leading attraction.



**BETTER THAN ROPE TRICK**—Motorists do a quick double take when they go by Mrs. Lowell Howard's home in Jackson Centre, Ohio. Mrs. Howard's husband, a welder, made this trick stand for their post box from logging chain, welding the links together. The base is made of stones gathered in 11 states. The Howards' postman confesses to an uneasy feeling when he leaves their mail.



**KEEPING FOLKLORE ALIVE**—The entire population of Furth, a Bavarian town two miles from the Czech border, turned into the market place to watch a medieval play featuring a giant dragon. The tale revolves around a girl who wants to sacrifice herself to save the town from the dragon. But the monster gets killed by her lover who returns from the Crusades. Here the knight prepares to give the final stab to the dragon.



**MARINES TO THE RESCUE**—Fire fighters and equipment rendezvous in a clearing near Camp Pendleton, California, preparing to fight forest fires in the Santa Ana Mountains. August timber losses from fires in National Forests in Montana, South Dakota and California total 100,000,000 board feet.



**PRESSURE COOKER FAMILY**—The pressure cooker of Mrs. Nick Carter, in Boise, Idaho, with a padding of towels, was chosen by this lobby as the birthplace of its four kittens.



**PLANE GIRL**—Actress Jeff Donnell, in Hollywood, has been chosen "Miss Air Coach of 1949," and the pilots who conferred that honour showed excellent taste.



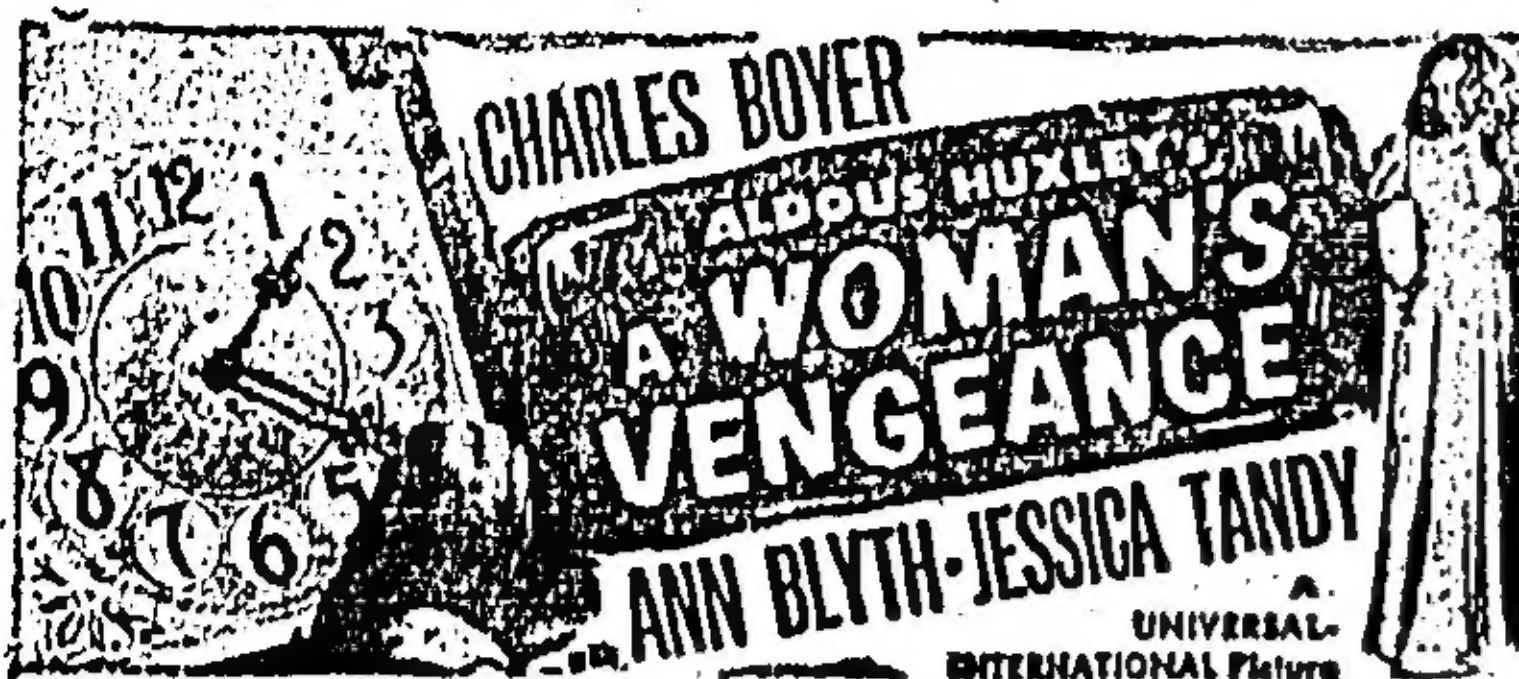
**OLD STUFF**—Joseph Slack, left, of New York, and Roy Hill inspect an early Roman 50-ducet piece in San Francisco, California. The coin, issued during the reign of Charles VI and now valued at US\$1250, is just one of over a million dollars worth of coins exhibited at a Numismatic Convention.



**SOMEBODY WILL GET IT**—And right now the fight's on among four youngsters at Palisades Park, New Jersey, for possession of the rubber raft. There's bound to be a lucky winner—and three broken hearts who wouldn't wait for their turn.



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A COLUMBIA PICTURE  
FIRST TIME SHOWING IN HONGKONG.

Coming To The **LIBERTY**



## CAN GERMANY HARM US?

As the Spirit of the Swastika returns with Germany's new Government one question is uppermost: 'What damage can they do... and where?'

by SEFTON DELMER

RETURNING TO PAGE 4 TODAY WITH MONDAY NEWSMAP

NOT a soul recognised him. As we strolled across the square in front of Frankfurt Station the grey-faced crowds hurried by without so much as a second glance.

And yet it was not so very long ago that this man by my side was one of Hitler's innermost circle, one of the five plaiding who went with him everywhere, lunched, dined, and breakfasted with him.

Nor was it so terribly long ago that I had walked with him through these same streets, and the Frankforters had immediately and enthusiastically identified him.

He must have guessed what I was thinking. For he stopped and pointed out into the road. "I have only to get out there," he said, "and start up one of the old songs and I'll have the whole street alight. They're just waiting for it."

### The politicians

LET me confess I was a little surprised. For nothing looked less inflammable than these very pedestrian men and women on the Frankfurt street that afternoon.

But whether my ex-Nazi friend is right or wrong in thinking the Germans hanker for a return of the drum-thumping, head-rolling leadership of Adolf Hitler or some other like him, one thing is certain: the German politicians share his view. They made that amply clear by their aggressive speeches during the election campaign.

They are making it clear by their behaviour in the new German Parliament, by their support for the strong arm squads who beat up Germans working for the British.

They are appealing to the Nazi that lurks in every German's heart.

### Newspapers

YES, amazing as it may seem today, only four years after Germany's defeat and the suicide of Hitler, only three years after the Nuremberg trials, in a Germany which is still in ruins, the Nazis are once more coming out into the open. And they are once more coming out on top.

The mere imminence of the transfer of power from the Allied Military Government to the Germans has been like a spring sun shining on a dung heap.

In Bavaria Nazi editors have proclaimed they are going to publish Nazi newspapers once more under their old titles to "show the German people what

is lost in Adolf Hitler." Even the Jew-baiting scandal sheet, Der Stürmer, has announced its forthcoming resurrection and under the same editor, too, who published it for the late Julius Streicher. True enough the Allied High Commissioners are stepping in and using what is left of their old powers to stop the publication of "avowedly anti-democratic newspapers."

But I predict they will be powerless to prevent the newly formed "Committee for Questions of the Press" from re-Naziizing the German newspapers and, as it openly avows, "cleaning them of collaborators and traitors." The committee, a group including many former Nazi editors and publishers is financially powerful.

Herr Schneider, editor of Goering's General Anzeiger, knew what he was saying when he told me in Hamburg on that hot day of July 1945: "I would not take a job now even if the Military Government allowed me. I do not wish to compromise myself... I prefer to wait a bit."

It is the same in the world of business and industry. Everywhere men are coming forward now who have kept themselves in the background while the Allied Military Government was running things—Nazis who did not want to compromise themselves by collaboration. They mean to make things hot for those who did.

### Once before

COULD it be just a passing phase, a juvenile folly which will be outgrown after some scolding from the Allies? In my view it is already too late for any scolding or appeasement—though no doubt our experts will try out plenty of both.

In 1919 we set up a Control Commission in Germany and established an army of occupation in the Rhineland. But we left internal executive power in the hands of the Germans. We permitted them to have a Government of their own choice. And thereby we gave them the weapon with which to fight us.

My father was a member of that Control Commission. As a schoolboy I spent my holidays with him in Germany. Sometimes he took me with him on his inspection trips.

Again and again we would find that the Germans were sabotaging the commission with

the active support of their Government.

With the connivance of Germany's Socialist Government clandestine organizations were formed to spy on the commission fight a guerrilla war against Allied armies like the French, and terrorise Germans suspected of collaboration with the Allies. Out of these clandestine forces sponsored by the Socialist Government grew the Hitlerite storm troops and S.S. Out of the propaganda grew the Nazi Party.

The same thing will, I fear, happen again this time. It is happening already. When dismantler Erwin Mueller was beaten up recently by an organised gang of thugs he ran for help to a police car which he saw waiting at a crossroads. The police left him standing and drove on. No doubt they were afraid of being called collaborators themselves if they helped him.

### Five prophecies

THE Germans resent dismantling. They resent the presence of the Allied Control Commission, whether it is in mufti or in uniform. They resent the Ruhr authority, the new international administration of his vital industrial area. They resent the presence of our soldiers.

They will organise resistance—passive and active. In the name of patriotism the Government and the German public will once more connive at terrorism and violence. As a consequence power will pass to the terrorists and chamelevs. And I don't care what they call themselves; they will be the same old Nazis again.

I feel safe, therefore, in predicting that in the new era post-Hitler history we shall see:

1. A progressive increase in German resistance (both active and passive) to the occupying Powers.
2. Skillful diplomacy by the Germans in playing off the East against the West.
3. Defeat of the Control Commission as after the 1914-18 war defeat of the Ruhr authority the new international body set up to administer the vital industrial basin; resurgence of the old industrial barons, in full control.
4. Withdrawal of the Allied troops now garrisoning Germany. And, at the end of the three-year period,

5. Fresh elections in which the successors of the Nazis will appear on the scene and they will be found to have substantial backing.

Can we afford to withdraw our troops from Germany? In my opinion we shall have to soon—it is the only logical step—whether we can afford it or not.

The real reason why Allied troops are garrisoning Germany today has nothing to do with the Germans.

### New line?

THE Germans are no longer a threat to our security. The troops are there because the French have insisted in the Western Union staff talks at Fontainebleau that the line of defence against a potential Soviet aggression must be the line of the Elbe. They will not play if it is once more to be the line of the Rhine.

I sympathise with these French scruples. But I believe they will be overcome.

—(London Express Service)

## C.V.R. Thompson Reports The American Scene

NEW YORK. An American Tory, Senator Robert Taft, has begun a three months' campaign to save the United States from Socialism.

Because he is convinced he is the only man for that job, Taft's first objective is to save himself.

Up for re-election to the Senate next year, he has begun a speaking marathon which will take him into every hamlet in his native State of Ohio.

His theme will be similar to that of his opening speech in the metropolis of Cleveland—in the end the people must choose between Socialism and liberty.

Taft will oppose every "step towards Socialism" that the Trumanites are making on the grounds that Socialism must lead towards Communism and that Communism is America's top menace.

The British experiment will be mentioned often in his five-day talks. Sample: "Certainly the British have a right to adopt a Socialist Government if they wish. But in adopting that philosophy they lose half

## Colonial students dig up the past

By EDWIN ROTH

FINDING a needle in a haystack is child's play compared with finding a needle in the buried ruins of a Roman building where it was lost some 2,000 years ago. But Noel Smith, 26-year-old mechanical engineer from Kingston, Jamaica, has done it.

His find caused much excitement among the international crew of enthusiasts who swing picks and shovels under the burning sun to uncover Verulamium. This Roman City, built a century before London was a village, is today buried below the acres of green grass in St Albans Park.

Noel's needle was a beautiful piece of bronze workmanship, four inches long, with its eye quite intact.

Digging up Roman needles, pottery and coins and excavating Roman buildings is a far cry from mechanical engineering. But for this young Jamaican and his friends it is the perfect holiday.

"What could be more thrilling than finding things people used almost 2,000 years ago?" he remarked. He picked up a large oyster shell and added: "You see? That's the remains of a Roman's dinner."

In another trench 39-year-old John O'Brien, from Melbourne, Australia, was shovelling away the soil hiding the centre wall of a large Roman house. He is lecturer of archaeology at Melbourne University and came to Europe to study Roman history. Steadily he swung spadeful of earth on a wheelbarrow standing eight feet above him on the edge of the trench. After a while he took off his spectacles to wipe his face. His kind of "study" is hard work.

Around him worked students from all over Britain, who delight in spending their vacations scraping the soil off antiquity. And not only students like this kind of unpaid work. There was Colonel Robert Appleby, 52-year-old retired regular army officer, who came specially from his home in Colchester to dig in St Albans.

"This is my chief hobby," he said. "I began in Colchester, which was a Roman port. Then I went to dig in Bradwell-on-Sea, Chelmsford and Littlewell. The Romans must have liked Colchester oysters. I've found oysters everywhere—but you know, they're much bigger than the ones we get now."

Women, too, are among the diggers for history. Mrs Sylvia Matheson, whose purple call-length slacks would have caused a sensation in Verulamium's forum, proudly showed me the raw callouses on her hands. Earlier this year she searched for signs of antique civilisation in Baluchistan.

"So far I've been doing it just for the fun and fascination of it," she said. "But later I hope to go in for archaeology professionally. You know, it gets you." Her reward for the day: a moulded corner stone, which she labelled and carefully put

(Continued on Page 5)

reading he took with him on a speech-making tour. The book was an exhaustive study of the living and working habits of ants.

PLUNGING necklines and backless gowns gave UNO something to worry about. Experts attending UNO's scientific conference spent a day deploring this fashion trend. Reason: it is bringing about a drop in the world's supplies of gas, coal, and oil reserves to keep the women who follow it warm.

FAT MAN Percy Coplon—53, 5 ft. high and 5 ft. round—is fasting 100 days in Birmingham, Alabama, to lose ten of his 25 lb. But he has found that everyone talks to him of nothing but food.

So today he decided to retire for the rest of his fast to a 20 ft. tower. Said he: "I'll get all I need to drink from my mouth, watering."

MAJOR-GENERAL Thomas Farrell who, by planning the atom attack on Hiroshima, destroyed more buildings than any one man in history, is making up for that now. He has been put in charge of New York's ambitious new building programme.

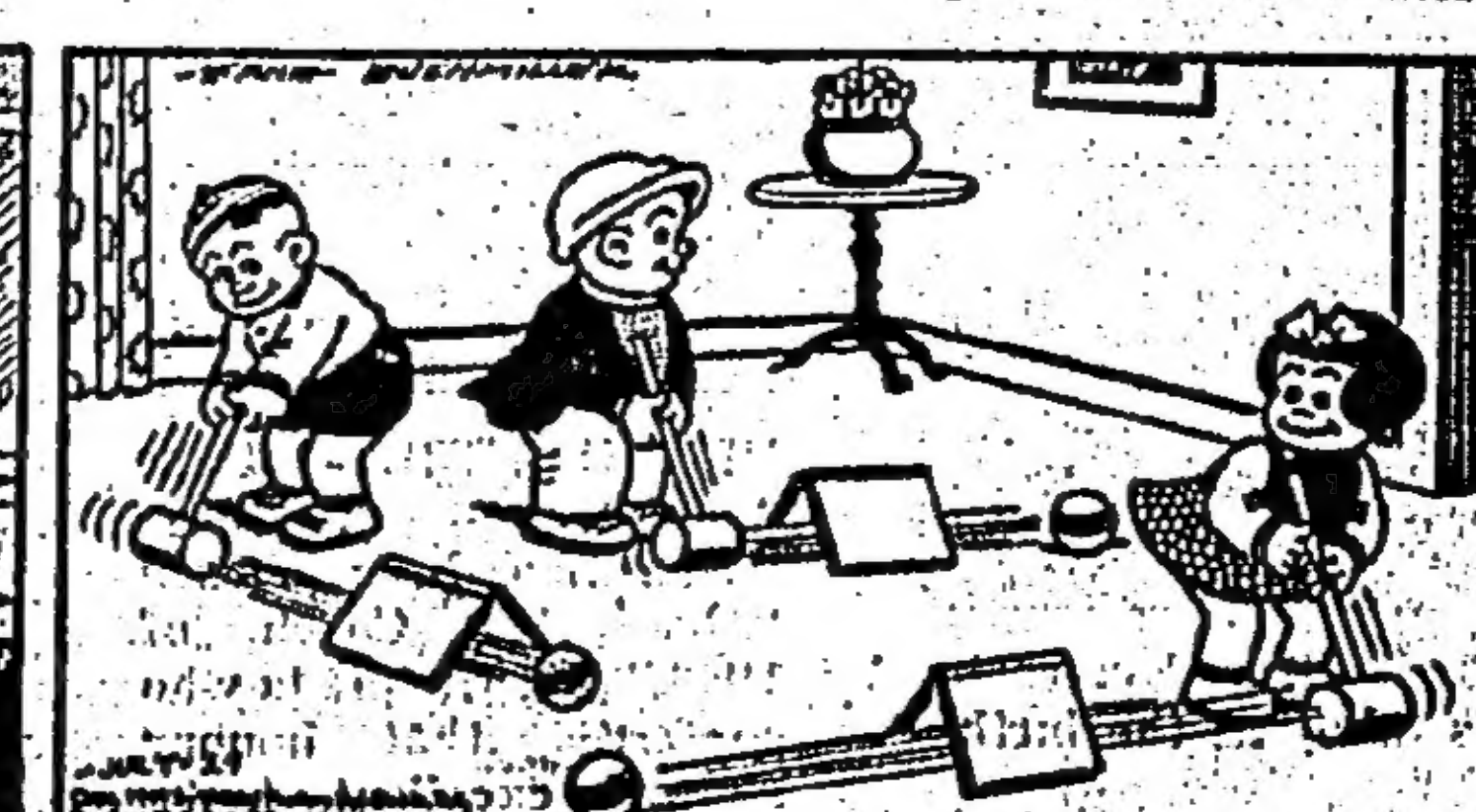
WRITERS of science fiction met in Cincinnati recently to discuss what to do about the increasing competition of factual science. Complained chairman Charles Tanner: "Scientists are coming up every day with things we never even heard of. We've got to do something about our imaginations."

POLITICIANS are trying to guess President Truman's next move from the spare-time

NANCY

That's Whicket

By Ernie Bushmiller





[illegible]



## AN UNDERSTATEMENT:

## ENGLAND'S FOOTBALL SELECTORS WERE THOROUGHLY SHOCKED

London, Sept. 25.—To say that the English football selectors were shocked at the defeat of England by Eire, the first foreign side to win on British soil, is an understatement. The match was considered to be in the nature of a walk over for the English team, full of seasoned players with international experience, in a trial for the World Cup games to come.

## Craigengower Is Confident

By "RECORDER"

The cricket season opened on Saturday with Craigengower's one wicket victory over Indian Recreation Club that came of a single by D. Readman and a four by Lloyd Wong. With the Valley club's best batsmen falling in succession to indifferent bowling, it was a narrow victory indeed. Readman scored another single and the innings then closed with Wong leg before.

Both teams were very much "scratched." I would have fancied Craigengower on paper, but they were lucky enough to win after a long experiment with change bowlers. Yet it was the result of this experiment that gives Craigengower much more confidence for the new season than they had through a good part of the last.

In H. Greenlade—whose first lady is also on the list as an aspiring playing member—the Club has acquired a very desirable change bowler. His control on Saturday was not too good but he should settle down to a good length and bowl a good medium ball. He is also an asset to the club's batting strength and may go anywhere from No. 3 to No. 6.

## Japan's New Tennis Star

Tokyo, Sept. 25.—In 24-year-old Sachiko Kamo, Japan has a woman lawn tennis star ready to challenge the world's best players as soon as Japan is readmitted to the international tennis fold.

In the opinion of many experts here, short, sturdy-built Miss Kamo, the present champion of all-Japan, is quite capable of accounting for most overseas players with the exception of the top-ranking American girls.

She is rated the best woman player Japan has ever produced and is so far above her contemporaries at home that she has to play against men to get adequate practice.

But she will have to wait at least another year before she can compete in international competition as the International Lawn Tennis Federation, at its meeting in Paris last July, shelved until next year applications by both Japan and Germany for readmission to membership.—Reuter.

## Johnny Longden Going Home

London, Sept. 25.—Johnny Longden the champion jockey of the United States, who has been on a holiday in Europe for several weeks during which he rode a winner in Ireland and a winner in England, left London Airport last night to fly back to New York.

His last words as he entered the plane were: "Gordon Richards (the English champion) is the best jockey in the world. If I am as good as he is, I am satisfied."

Longden, who said that he had gained eight pounds during his visit, said: "I ride in New York on Monday and Tuesday, and I have got to work hard to get my weight down." He added: "My big ambition is to ride a challenge race with Gordon Richards. I shall be tickled to death, Gordon is coming to visit us in America, but he is not going to ride. I do not blame him. Everything is so different over there, but we have nothing like you boys."—Reuter.

Even if the selectors had in mind the idea of trying out a few players—outside-right Harris, centre-forward Pye and right-back Mosley were new caps—to see if they fitted in, they must have felt that they had, at least, enough old blood to see the side through to victory.

They now know otherwise, and it would need a crystal gazer to choose the side that the selectors will pick to meet Wales in Wales in the first World Cup match on October 15.

Williams might keep his place in goal. Aston might keep his at left-back, but Mosley is likely to go.

## NO KINDLY LOOK

The Football Association do not look kindly on men who give away penalties, however well they may plan, and Mosley was not conspicuous.

The half-back line of Wright, Franklin and Dickinson may well be left alone, but the attack might be entirely different. Harris, Morris, Pye, Mannion and Finney might all disappear and be replaced by Matthews, Mortensen, Rowley (or Bentley), Shackleton and Mullen.

Why did England lose? That is the question foreigners will be asking. The answer is simple. The attack failed, a penalty was given away and the Irishmen took the most of the chances that Dame Fortune gave them.

## NO DENYING

There is no denying that the martial axiom that attack is the best defence is equally applicable in soccer, and the side with the best attack wins the contest.

The selectors have, somehow, to find a really strong attack, a five man forward line which

will always work together like a well-oiled machine. The trouble is that too many of England's potential attackers have off days, and lack the necessary consistency. Also, too many are individualists, who, if things go well for them personally, can win a match off their own boot.

But the selectors, if they want England to become the World Champion, may have to ignore the meteoric player in favour of the man who never plays a bad game. The side with the most consistent attack will carry off the Jules Rimet Trophy.—Reuter.

## Austrian Soccer Fans Trampled Underfoot

Vienna, Sept. 25.—Thousands of people, unable to obtain tickets for the soccer match between Austria and Czechoslovakia in Vienna today, stormed the football stadium.

Several persons were trampled underfoot by the surging crowd and still more were injured when the police, swinging wooden truncheons, charged the mob.

The Australian national soccer team beat the Czech side by three goals to one after leading by 1-0 at the interval.—Reuter.

## Dave Sands' Fortunes Turn For The Better

By ARCHIE QUICK

The fortunes of Dave Sands, Australia's aboriginal triple champion, have taken a sharp turn for the better, and the man who was derided after his initial appearance in this country a few short months ago is now in line for a world title fight.

To put it mildly, Sands' first fight here against the American, Tommy Yarosz, was pitiful. He did not do much better against the elderly Frenchman, Lucien Cabouche. Since then he has settled in the Newcastle-on-Tyne district, has become acclimatised and won two minor fights.

Now he has burst into the full bloom of the prowess claimed for him by his veteran manager, Tom Maguire, when he first arrived in England.

What he did to Dick Turpin in winning the Middleweight Championship of the British Empire at Harringay was nobody's business, but we are still left doubting whether he has got the punch to beat Marcel Cerdan or Jake Lamota both of whom are mentioned as his next rival for the world crown.

## IRC'S PROBLEM

In contrast, prospects for the Indian Recreation Club do not look very bright at the moment. Though they are all set to defend their Second Division Championship, the Club's notice board yesterday showed but 10 names in response to the call for players willing to represent the IRC in the Cricket League.

The average attendance at the nets so far, I was told, was two a day and it seems that the inroads of football are going to be felt much more than they have been as yet.

IRC's bowling is not weak for lack of change bowlers but two good men are needed to open the attack and the club will find it hard to find them. There are many who want to play but few who want to practice.

The batting strength is all there and A. R. Kitchell's 42 in the opening game of the season may give him the confidence to raise him to a place among the Colony's best batsmen. Some good judges of the game say that he should rightly belong there if he took to the job more seriously. His was a fine innings on a bowlers' wicket.

## SWAN SONG

The Harringay show saw what should be the swan song of veteran Ernie Roderick but the Liverpool maestro still insists that he can go on—which is a pity. Ernie Thomas outpointed him for the right to meet Henry Hall for the welter title—Hall by the way put up a sorry display on the same bill and the Merthyr minor must remain one of our great hopes for the future. But oh how I wish he would more than show us an immaculate straight left.

Finally, it was a good night for British heavyweights. There are only two youngsters in the country who matter and they both beat seasoned Continental opponents.

Johnnie Williams, Rugby-cum-Barnmouth, outpointed the massive Polish-Frenchman, Siegfried Ciek, and Jack Gardner caused the gigantic Nisse Anderson to retire in the fifth round—two first-rate performances.

One day these two are going to meet in the quest for Woodcock's title and I would not miss the battle for worlds. I am backing Williams.

## Switzerland's First

Geneva, Sept. 25.—Switzerland, for the first time in sporting history, today beat France in an international golf match, winning by five and a half points to three and a half.—Reuter.

## WINNING DOUBLE-PLAY



Mr and Mrs Leland V. Brissie, Jr., of Philadelphia, Pa., display their brand-new double-play twin boys. The babies didn't care much for having their pictures taken and fell asleep. Their pop, Lou, is a star pitcher for the Philadelphia Athletics.

## GODDET CHALLENGE TROPHY

## Reg Harris Beaten By An Eighth Of An Inch

Paris, Sept. 25.—Reg Harris, the Manchester Wheelers' professional and world cycling sprint champion, had had luck here today. He lost the Victor Goddet Challenge Trophy by an eighth of an inch to Arie Van Vliet, of Holland, in the final.

Harris said before the race that he was very tired as he had ridden 10 races within the last 20 days, racing one day and travelling the next, an effort to which he was not accustomed.

Of the 10 races, he won eight. He has plenty of engagements in hand.

After returning to Manchester tomorrow noon by air, he returns to the Continent for a rest before riding in London on October 14, in Brussels on October 15, and in Paris on October 16.

If his firm, Raleigh Cycles, will allow him, he will attack the 1,000 metres record on the Vigorilli track at Milan on October 23, for which record a 100,000-franc prize has been offered by the Swiss bicycle manufacturer, M. Oscar Egg. The British cycle show opens on October 24 and the Raleigh people need Harris there, but they may allow him a chance for the record.

## THE RESULTS

The results of the Victor Goddet Challenge Trophy were:

- First Heat**  
1.—Harris, of Britain.  
2.—Scheren, of Belgium.  
3.—Jacosponelli, of France.  
Time: 12.2 seconds.
- Second Heat**  
1.—Derksen, of Holland.  
2.—Van Vliet, of France.  
3.—Van Looveren, of Belgium.  
Time: 12.2 seconds.
- Third Heat**  
1.—Louis Gerardin, of France.  
2.—Scheren, of Belgium.  
3.—Ghellu, of Italy.  
Time: 12 seconds dead.
- Fourth Heat**  
1.—Van Vliet, of Holland.  
2.—Astolfi, of Italy.  
3.—Pauwels, of Belgium.  
Time: 12 seconds dead.
- Repechage from Heats**  
Scheren.  
Time: 12.2 seconds.
- First semi-final**  
1.—Harris.  
2.—Derksen.  
3.—Pauwels.  
Won by half a length in 13 seconds dead.
- Second semi-final**  
1.—Van Vliet.  
2.—Ghellu.  
3.—Girardin.  
Won by half a wheel in 12.3 seconds.
- Repechage from Semi-Final**  
Girardin.  
Time: 12.4 seconds.
- Final**  
1.—Van Vliet.  
2.—Harris.  
3.—Girardin.  
Van Vliet won by one-eighth of an inch in 11.4 seconds. On the first start Harris touched the top of the banking with his pedal, broke his seat support and injured his hands slightly, but no serious damage was done.

The second start saw Harris lead slowly with Van Vliet and Girardin following in that order.

## Hardcourt Tennis

The following is the programme for the Hardcourt Tennis Championships to be played at the Chinese Recreation Club today.

Court 1.—Cheung Chow v K. H. Tsui; 2.—Y. P. Tsui v M. L. Chan; 3.—P. Y. Kwok v P. Z. Baker; 4.—C. H. Ip and S. T. Lam v Daniel Chan and G. M. Jun; 5.—Y. W. Lee and Ng Kam-chuen v Y. P. Fung and Wm. Wu.

## Is It A Waste Of Dollars Sending Them Abroad?

London, Sept. 25.—With the crushing defeat of the British golf amateurs and British women lawn tennis players in the United States, the question has again been raised should money should be "wasted" on sending teams abroad when it is obvious from the start that they will get soundly beaten.

Is it better "to have played and lost than never to have played at all," to parody a famous old English poem?

The battle of words waged furiously and there is considerable division of opinion. Those for sending the teams say that the money is not wasted, and that valuable experience is gained which will in the end pay a handsome dividend.

Others say that this viewpoint is all right provided the selectors chose a team with an eye to the future and not a team of already experienced players who are as good as they are ever likely to be.

Then the opponents say that the money spent on touring should be used at home in building up teams capable of holding their own in international competition.

## NOT UNTIL THEN

When this standard has been reached and the contestants can enter the battle with some prospects of success then, and not until then, should they go overseas.

Which ever way one looks at it, there is no gainsaying that international sporting visits promote international goodwill and that it all those who had no hope of winning never competed there would be no international sport or very little of it.

Everyone has to learn and the international school is the accepted best. As a sidelight on this question the British press is being criticised for not giving credit where credit is due for the efforts British sportsmen make to defend their sporting prestige.

## "CRUEL," SAYS MR HOGAN

Ben Hogan, the non-playing captain of the American Ryder Cup team which narrowly beat Britain in their professional golf contest last week, said that the press was at times cruel.

"I say that because I picked up a paper this morning in which some fellow wrote that the British boys should go back

home, sell their clubs, get new ones and begin over again," he explained.

Mr Hogan said that he could not agree with that just because they had been beaten in a tough fight.

Then a letter to "The Times" says that the way to improve British golf "is not assisted by showering our men with pity when so much praise is due to them for standing up so bravely to an onslaught of such super-efficiency."—Reuter.

## Danes Wrestle To Victory

Copenhagen, Sept. 25.—An English wrestling team was beaten by a Danish national team by five matches out of eight here tonight.

A crowd of 2,000 attended the contest, which witnessed the Danes winning an unexpected victory over their English opponents who were believed to have much more experience in this field.

The best fight of the evening was the flyweight match between Leo Cortzen, of Denmark, and Walter McQuilly, of England.

The Englishman was thrown on the mat after two and a half minutes after the Dane had applied a headlock.

Raymond Myland, of England, fought a fine lightweight match against Denmark's best wrestler, Abraham Kurland, who was several times about to be thrown onto the mat, but he was so exhausted by the effort that he had to be carried away after the fight.—Reuter.

## Triple For Bagheera

Paris, Sept. 25.—Bagheera, by Astrophel out of Grande Sour, added to her French Oaks and Grand Prix triumphs when she won today's Prix Vermeille, valued at one million francs, over one and a half miles at Longchamps.

Bagheera is one of the 11 three-year-old fillies entered for next week's valuable Prix de l'Arc de Triomphe and eight of them were in the field of 11 runners today.

Bagheera was giving six pounds to all but one of her rivals today but won comfortably by one and a half lengths from Vela, with Tagal a neck away in third place.

Italy's entry, Gofito, was today's scratcher from next week's Arc de Triomphe race, but Bagheera and Antonio Canale remain as Italian challengers and both are expected to start.—Reuter.

## MASARYK CIRCUIT MOTOR RACE

## Peter Whitehead Wins Czech Grand Prix

Brno, Czechoslovakia, Sept. 25.—The Czechoslovak Grand Prix on the Masaryk Circuit of 17.8 kilometres was won today by Peter Whitehead, a British driver, at the wheel of his Italian-built Ferrari.

He and Philippe Etancelin, of France, on a Talbot, had a terrific duel throughout the 20 laps to thrill a crowd which was estimated at between 200,000 and 300,000 people who lined the course.

Whitehead moved from fifth to first place in the sixth lap but fell back to second on refuelling. Etancelin went through without refuelling but lost his lead in the 15th lap, only to regain it for two laps when Whitehead had mechanical trouble.

Whitehead's winning time for the race was 2 hrs. 48 mins. 41 secs, which is approximately 120.4 kilometres an hour. Etancelin took 2 hrs. 49 mins. 16.6 secs, and Cortese clocked 2 hrs. 53 mins. 30.4 secs.

The best time for a lap was returned by Switzerland's Graf, who covered his second lap in 40.8 secs, giving an average speed of 132.7 kilometres an hour.—Reuter.

## KEPT IN FRONT

The British driver resumed the lead two laps from home and kept in front to win.

France Cortese, of Milan, on another Ferrari, was third. Prior to the Grand Prix, a French-built Simca of 1,500 cc, driven by Treybal, won the Brno Cup for sports cars.

## New Look For Czech Athletes—Less Brawny, More Marxist

Prague, Sept. 25.—Czechoslovakia laid down the law to its athletes today—back to the little Red school house for Marxist training, if you want to compete abroad.

Mlada Fronta, organ of the Communist-led Youth Organisation, reported that the government has set up a "little school" where athletes will attend a three to four week special course in physical, political and ideological education, mostly the last two.

Only after they complete the course will athletes be permitted to compete outside the Iron Curtain without danger of deserting to the West like the tennis stars, Jaroslav Drobny, and Vladimir Cernik.

BACK TO SCHOOL  
The school will begin operating next month, Mlada Fronta said. The first to attend will be former members of the Czech world champion ice hockey team and some aspiring beginners.

They will be followed by players of other sports as the year goes on, the paper said.

The whole purpose, Mlada Fronta said, is to produce athletes who are "ideologically and politically mature" rather than all brawn.

Athletes of the "Soviet Union" and other Russian-dominated countries will also attend the "little school."

STILL REELING  
Czech sports circles are still reeling from the recent flight into exile of Drobny and Cernik.

the nation's No. 1 and No. 2 tennis stars who refused to obey an order from Sokol, the national sports organisation, to return from a tennis tournament in Switzerland.

Instead Drobny, this year's Wimbledon finalist, and Cernik decided to stay outside the Iron Curtain. Both are now competing in the United States.

The Czech controlled Press has described the actions of Drobny and Cernik as "further proof of the bad influence of rich capitalists who spoil the morale of young people."

Czechoslovakia also recently lost Emilie Juhn, the famed motorcycle racer, who decided to go into exile after competing in a Swiss race.

Since that time Czech teams have been competing more and more with other countries, apparently as an added safeguard against such desertions.

REBELS STILL WINNING  
San Francisco, Sept. 25.—Czechoslovak and Italian Davis Cup players figured prominently in the semi-finals when the Hardcourt Lawn Tennis Championships were continued at Berkeley here prior to the decision of the finals today.

Jaroslav Drobny and Vladimir Cernik won their Men's Doubles match against the Americans, Earl Cochell and Herb Flam, 9-7, 4-6, 6-1, 6-4 and so qualified to meet Ted Schroeder, United States, and Eric Sturges, South Africa, in the final.

In the Mixed Doubles semi-finals, Gianni Cucelli, Italy, and Wilma Smith, American, beat Marcello Del-Bello, Italy, and Dorothy Hard, America, 6-3, 6-3, while Sturges and Doris Hart won 6-0, 6-3 against Cernik, Czechoslovakia, and Nancy Morrison, America.

Drobny put up a great fight in the Men's Singles semi-final, taking Schroeder to five sets before the American won 4-6, 6-3, 10-12, 6-4, 6-1.—Reuter.

## Mister Conquest



London Express Service



## FOR YOUR SPARE MOMENTS

## MCKENNEY ON BRIDGE

Playing Low Wins This Game Hand

BY WILLIAM E. MCKENNEY

A GREAT many stage and radio stars play a little bridge just for relaxation. The other day I met the charming Martha Wright, who played bridge at the age of nine, with her grandmother.

Grandmother lived in Seattle, where Martha Wright came from. A good part of "Grandma's" life had been devoted to trying to develop a singer or musician among her own children. When she and Martha finished playing bridge, they would move over to the piano. Grandma would play and Martha would sing. Years later the show called "Up in Central Park" came to Seattle. Martha wanted to know if she had a voice. She knocked at the stage door and asked for the manager. "No

♠ K 5 3	♥ J 8 2
♦ A 10 8 5	♣ A J 9 7 4 2
♠ K 10 5	♥ K 4
♦ Q 7 6	♣ K 5
♠ 3	♥ 10
♦ 8	♣ 8 7 3 2
♠ 10 4	♥ 9
♦ 4	♣ 10
♠ 9	♥ 7
♦ 10 4	♣ 9
♠ 10 4	♥ 7
♦ 10 4	♣ 9

Martha Wright  
Declarer  
Rubber—Neither Vul.  
South West North East  
1 N.T. Pass 3 Pass  
2 N.T. Pass Pass Pass  
Opening—♥ 5

opeepings," he said. "I am not looking for a job," replied Martha. "My grandmother and I want to know if I can sing. She sang once, and she started with the show, ending up in New York."

Grandmother must have been a good bridge teacher, as well as a good music teacher, because Martha is a success at both.

In today's hand the opening lead of the five of hearts was won by East with the king. He returned the nine of hearts, and if Martha had carefully put on the jack, her contract would have been defeated. West would let her hold the trick and now when the diamond finesse was taken, East would win the trick with the king. He would still have a heart to return. Instead Martha played the hand to hold her losses to three hearts and a diamond, by playing low on the heart return.

## Check Your Knowledge

- When and by whom was uranium discovered?
- What is a British Thermal Unit?
- Between what two seas does the Jordan River in Palestine flow?
- Why does iron float in mercury?
- Name the hero of the novel "Lorna Doone."
- What causes the holes in Swiss cheese?

(Answers in Column 6)

## CROSSWORD

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100	Across	Down

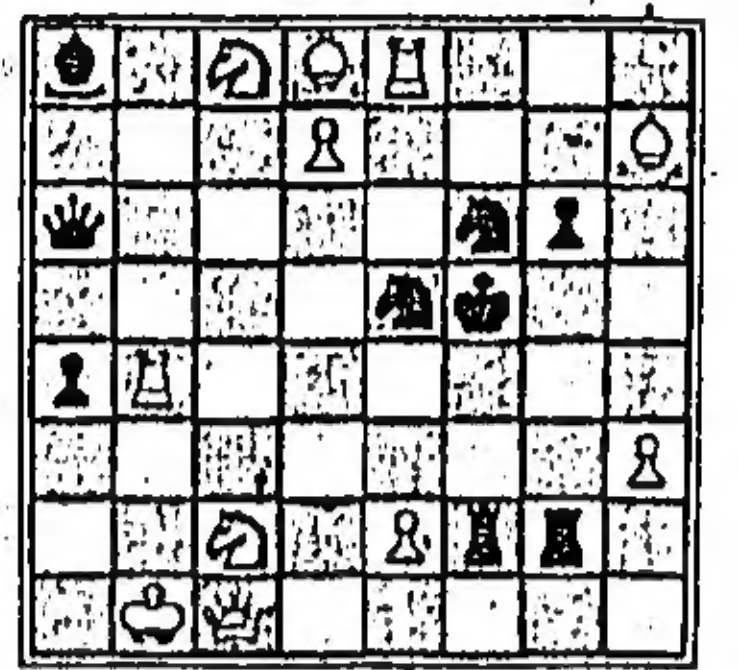
- Lower: Water and earth in Scotland. (4)
- This committee receives more than it gives. (9)
- Indicate by detaching feature. (7)
- Follows hide. (4)
- Corrode. (4)
- Cap is able to produce petrol. (10)
- Within sight of the diabol. (9)
- Discontinue. (5)
- The end of the drum beat. (3)
- Try to make something to do in a hurry. (10)
- Give a girl a nickname. (5)
- Heard in this simple is owned by the same person. (10)
- Vegetable that takes knowledge. (5)
- Turkish bird. (5)
- Lower. (4)
- Damage done for about. (7)
- Meadow for sale. (4)
- Doctors of rhetoric means in for a change. (7)
- Time when nothing could be planned. (10)
- Kind of system of philosophy. (10)
- Join from the unknown. (10)
- Expansion in these folds. (7)
- Stick up in the new condition. (10)
- Upper. (4)
- Is a kind of bird. (10)
- Is the public city. (10)
- Lower. (4)

## DUMB BELLS

HE RECEIVED CANONICAL HONORS, A SALUTE OF TWENTY ONE GUNS.



## CHESS PROBLEM

By E. BUCHALIS  
Black, 9 pieces.

White, 11 pieces.  
White to play and mate in two.  
Solution to Saturday's problem:  
1. Q-QB1, any; 2. Q, B, or P mates.

## BOYS AND GIRLS MAGAZINE

## Pixie O'Scowl Was Grumbling

—Everybody Demanded His Services At Once—

By MAX TRELL

"NOTHING but work," Pixie O'Scowl was grumbling as he sat down tiredly on a pebble under a daisy. "Nothing but work, work, work."

Knarl, the shadow-boy, said: "Can I help you? If there's any digging to be done I'll help. Or if you have to nail something, or paint a house or something, I'll be glad to help." Pixie O'Scowl shook his head. "It's nothing as easy as any of those things, thank you just the same. It's all work that I have to do myself, personally. They won't let anybody help."

"They?" said Knarl. "Packet of Letters" reached into his back pocket and took out a packet of letters, all tied around with a piece of ivy string. "Just let me read you some of these letters," he said, opening the first one. "Then you'll see what this work is that I'm talking about."

Dear Pixie O'Scowl, You are cordially invited to attend our all-night concert at the edge of the swamp. We would like you to play out our best singer. We will serve fried mosquitoes and roast dragon-flies after the concert, rain or shine. Please come. "That's tonight," said Pixie O'Scowl. "For earlier in the evening there's something else." He read a second letter. "It's from the Flick-N-Flash Firefly Club."

Dear Pixie O'Scowl, We are expecting you at dusk just behind the rasp-

Rupert's Queer Path—49



On seeing the notice Bill's mischievous mood came back. "Let's by up and see what's beyond that trap-door," he chuckled. "No!" cried Rupert firmly. "You've got us into enough trouble already. The owl says 'Keep away, so we'll keep away!' But he forgets that they are still in Crazy Land. The minute they try to move backward the trap-door snaps open, and a sudden tremendous wind whips them off their feet, out of the cave, and straight up into the still brighter light above."

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## BRONCHO BILL



## AROUND THE WORLD

## The Republic of Costa Rica

By TEMPLE MANNING

WE last saw Costa Rica on a quick flying trip in the spring. Things, on the surface at least, seemed so well organized, so well run in this loveliest of Central American republics, that we were quite astonished at the recent going-on, what with revolution, counter-revolution, and alleged invasion.

Costa Rica is such a charming little land, so fertile, so tranquil in scenic charm, so tranquil that we were always amazed to discover people who know well many lands but who have never even had the urge to visit Costa Rica.

Our first trip to Costa Rica was from Cristobal in the Panama Canal Zone, by boat to Puerto Limon. This is Costa Rica's chief "tourist" port, and it nestles in the arms of a palm-fringed bay behind which rise the high jungle-clad mountains of the interior.

Puerto Limon marks the exact site of an ancient Indian village, Cururu, where Christopher Columbus landed on his fourth and last voyage to America. It is a well laid-out, well-paved city, a busy little port. Attractions include Vargas Park, miniature but wonderfully pretty botanical garden, a colorful market, and a modern and very well-equipped bathing pavilion on the beach.

All this makes a nice preface for the train trip to San Jose

with its lovely scenic views.

At first the tracks parallel the Atlantic fringed by a palm-lined coral strand. Then the line runs into a wide area of coconut and banana plantations. Here and there one spots giant trees, whose thick trunks are devoid of branches for forty to fifty feet. Brightly colored parrots, long-billed toucans and diminutive, grey-plumaged hummingbirds add colour and charm to the plantation scene.

Coffee Farms

Between Siquirres and Turrialba, where the first coffee farms are seen, the road runs on a narrow ledge posed twist and turn to follow the curves of the torrential Reventazon river and passes over chasms via substantial bridges which were erected under the guiding hand of American engineers back in the 1880's. Trains rushing by fail to interest the lazy old negresses that bank on the river banks, but all the natives round about turn out to see the train ride by—a big daily event.

After Turrialba, ascent begins in earnest, and offers views of the whole valley of the Reventazon valley below, which looks like a narrow, twisted white ribbon. The air becomes cool and fresh as the train reaches the central plateau where the climate is just perfect spring practically the year round.

(Tomorrow—Science At Work)



## BY THE WAY

by Beachcomber

THE new Mechanical Brain, asked how many grains of sand the Sahara contained; hesitated for a moment, and then gave a nine hundred figure answer.

Mathematicians believe that it will take four thousand and twelve years to verify this answer. "The immediate bearing of such matters on one thing and another is not of sufficient importance to warrant very much," commented Professor Gracie-finger, who fills and overflows the Chair of Comparative Jigamoo at Swindon University.

## Astronomical chit-chat

AT St Andrew's University, where Cecil Rhodes was born, they are building a photographic telescope which will be able to take photographs of nebulae ten million light-years from the earth. One rather prim professor has already commented: "If any of these nebulae become visible to the naked eye ten million years from now, no grouser will be able to say that we had not been given ample warning."

## Who would have thought it?

AN inter-departmental memorandum about an "overall deficit" had an odd result yesterday. The answer was 340 overalls.

## Curates under the counter

A VICAR is reported as saying: "A black market in curates definitely exists." That is the explanation of a curious report reported from Southern England—an anxious-looking bishop entered a shop and muttered something. The shopkeeper produced from under the counter a very small curate and handed him over. The bishop threw the curate into the back of his car and drove off. It was later discovered that the curate had been purchased by four men who had been prowling about a vicarage all day. Curates in lonely parishes are barricading themselves in.

(London Express Service)

## YOUR BIRTHDAY... By STELLA

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 26

BORN today, there is a tremendous amount of steam and energy in your make-up. Your ideals are lofty and your ambitions high. You have no personal fear and when you want something, you will go out after it, sweeping everything before that is a hindrance. This single-purpose is a fine attribute but make sure that what you want is worth while. For you can use as much energy and perseverance as you want, but it is important as you can on a major project.

Your chief interests are music and literature. You should cultivate one of these fields, at least for your own personal pleasure even if it will do no make it your career. You also are deeply interested in the mysterious, and the occult. Fond of travel, you will want to visit the far places of the earth. But you always will want your own home and your own life. In other words, you want an established home-base from which to operate.

You are particularly attractive to the opposite sex and will have many close friends from among them. When it comes to marriage, make sure that you wed someone who understands your mercurial temperament, your ability to concentrate on a project to the exclusion of all else at times, and your ability to hide personal emotions and feelings when you so wish.

To find what the stars have in store for tomorrow, select your birthday star and read the corresponding paragraph. Let your birthday star be your daily guide.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27

LIBRA (Sept. 23-Oct. 23)—Make personal gains. Opportunity abounds today; make the best possible use of it.

SCORPIO (Oct. 24-Nov. 22)—Patience is necessary, for things will move a little more slowly than you wish. Success comes eventually.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22)—Delays may cause setbacks in plans or criticism of your methods. But be patient and all works out for you.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20)—Happiness is concentrated in the home today. A romantic wish also may be granted you at this time.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19)—Caution in routine will avert trouble and minor accidents. Be patient rather than too venturesome.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 21)—Your own actions will determine the degree of success that can be yours at this time. Be moderate.

ARIES (Mar. 22-Apr. 20)—Advertising brings results. You may sign a contract or an agreement safely now. Protect your interests.

Taurus (Apr. 21-May 21)—A short journey, perhaps a business trip, can bring excellent results at this time. Make your efforts count.

GEMINI (May 22-June 22)—All those in general merchandising are favoured. Fast advertising brings to show good results now.

CANCER (June 23-July 23)—Write that letter! Sign an important paper and advertise your product. The results can be astonishing.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23)—Much activity on all lines. Push your activities to peak production. Make a new contract of importance.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 22)—Leases, contracts, agreements—all legal instruments for the expansion of business—are smiled upon today.

## Raw Cotton Prices Up In Britain

London, Sept. 25.—Prices of many types of raw cotton will be raised from tomorrow, the Raw Cotton Commission announced tonight.

The increases, which range from a half-penny to three-pence per pound, are caused by normal fluctuations and are not due to devaluation, it was stated. American cotton is increased by one penny a pound. The highest rise of three-pence is for certain types of Egyptian cotton—Reuter.

## Pakistan's Bid For IMF Membership

Not Connected With Non-Devaluation

Karachi, Sept. 25.—Reports seeking to link Pakistan's decision not to devalue its rupee with its application for membership of the International Monetary Fund evoked surprise and resentment in authoritative circles here.

Maintaining that these were issues independent of each other, these circles were confident that Pakistan's application would receive full consideration from the International Monetary Fund authorities.

## SOLE SOURCE

India's estimated cotton requirements were 4,600,000 bales and Pakistan was the sole source of the type of cotton which Indian mills consume.

These quarters therefore argued that India would have to import raw cotton from Pakistan, as her alternative suppliers could offer only 300,000 bales.

The demand for Pakistan raw cotton from Japan, Russia, China and several European countries has been increasing.

Financial circles estimated that with equitable readjustments in its tariff system Pakistan can maintain its present level of exports of jute, cotton, hides and skins—Reuter.

## Mr Chifley On Danger Of Depression

Sydney, Sept. 25.—The Prime Minister, Mr Joseph Chifley, today warned of a possible economic depression in Australia, and said his Government was planning public works projects to avert unemployment.

In a speech in New South Wales, Mr Chifley said the Government had mapped a public works programme designed to buttress the people of Australia against economic depression, of which there were several signs overseas.

He added that the Government did not want unemployment in Australia similar to that in the United States, where nearly 4,000,000 persons were out of work—United Press.

## BIG CHANCE

Canberra, Sept. 25.—Devaluation of the Australian Pound presented a challenge to Australian industry and workers, said the Prime Minister, Mr Joseph Chifley, in his weekly broadcast "Report To The Nation" today.

Mr Chifley said that increased production of better quality goods could be a valuable contribution to meeting our dollar difficulties.

## Britain Received \$899m. From U.S. During 1949

Washington, Sept. 25.—Britain received \$899,000,000 in various loans and gifts from America in the fiscal year, 1949, the Commerce Department announced today.

Gifts to all countries totalled \$5,169,000,000, said the announcement.

The figure is double that of 1948, when \$2,692,000,000 was distributed.

The Department also announced that the United States spent \$13,200,000,000 on such activities during the four post-war fiscal years from July 1, 1945 to July 1, 1949.

The European Recovery Programme provided \$3,221,000,000 for participating countries in the past fiscal year, while other grant programmes accounted for an additional \$850,000,000.

In 1949, as in 1948, Germany was the chief beneficiary in outright gifts, with \$993,000,000. Other recipients during the fiscal year were:

France—\$750,000,000  
Italy—\$304,000,000  
Greece—\$307,000,000  
Austria—\$212,000,000  
Netherlands—\$150,000,000  
Belgium and Luxembourg—\$149,000,000  
Turkey—\$69,000,000  
Others—\$150,000,000.

—Associated Press.

## Big Increase In Australian Wool Sales

London, Sept. 24.—Australia's official News and Information Bureau reports that the National Council of Wool Selling Brokers announced recently that nearly 65,000 bales of Australian wool were sold by auction in the first two months of the new season. Receipts totalled £43,559,000.

The Council said that scoured wool averaged 57.98d. per pound and greasy wool 47.73d. per pound. During the period, 789,000 bales were received for sale, 110,000 of these being carried over from the previous season.

During the corresponding period of 1948, July 15,000 bales were sold.

Main bids at the sales were from the United Kingdom, the Continent and Australia, the Bureau reported.—United Press.

## \$20m. Loan To Yugoslavia May Be Urged

Washington, Sept. 25.—A usually reliable source said today that the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development had tentatively decided to recommend that the Bank should grant a loan of \$20,000,000 to Yugoslavia for buying equipment in America.

This would be the same amount as that granted by the Export Import Bank recently. The mission was reported to have found that Yugoslavia's economic situation was more serious than previously estimated because of the dislocation of trade resulting from the switch of Yugoslav trade from Soviet Russia and her satellite countries to the Western nations.

This is regarded a very difficult economic period for Yugoslavia, but it is believed that the Yugoslavs, with their inherent toughness and capacity for sacrifice, will be able to pull through.

The source said that Britain's loan and trade terms with Yugoslavia have now been agreed. In principle, he said the hitch for granting a \$20,000,000 loan was due to the amount of compensation to be paid by Yugoslavia to Britain for expropriated property of British interests.

It is understood that the total amount has been agreed on and Yugoslavia is expected to pay a small interest rate on this during the time the amount is being paid off—United Press.

## HONGKONG SHARES

The turnover on the Stock Exchange this morning was \$186,278.00 Transactions and noon prices:

SHANKS BUYERS SELLERS SALES	
BANKS	
HSK Bank	1510 1550
Union	670
INSURANCES	
Union	670
SHIPPING	
Asiatic	100
DOCKERS	
K. Wharf	100
N. P. Wharf	100
Dock	100
Star Dock	100
Wheelock	100
LANDS	
HSK Hotel	1020
HSK Land	401
UTILITIES	
Tram	1020
Star Ferry	102
C. Light (H)	102
C. Light (N)	102
Electric	102
Telephone	102
INDUSTRIALS	
Coronet	102
Hope	102
COTTONS	
Raw	400

## Exchange Rates

Business was done in the local unofficial exchange market this morning at the following rates: Sterling pound (per £1) 18.40 U.S. dollars (per \$1) 6.17 FIC patacas (per 100) 1150 NZ dollars (per 100) 20.9 Singapore (per 100) 20.9

## CHICAGO GRAINS

Chicago, Sept. 24.—Grain prices today opened irregular and then became firmer late in the session, with wheat gaining about one cent a bushel on commission house buying.

Smaller producer offerings helped to boost wheat prices. Firmness in corn reflected a good spot market and the absence of selling pressure.

Trading in soy beans and rye was limited. Prices closed as follows: WHEAT—price per bushel.

SPOT	2.21 1/2
December	2.21 1/2
March (1950)	2.21 1/2</



## NEW EFFORT TO SETTLE AUSTRIAN TREATY

New York, Sept. 25.—The Big Four Foreign Ministers were reported today to be planning to meet early this week in a new effort to end the stalemate negotiations for an Austrian treaty.

Informed sources at the United Nations General Assembly saw in such a meeting the only means of breaking the protracted deadlock. Any meeting of the Foreign Ministers would have to be held in the first half of the week, since the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, is due to leave on Friday for Canada, returning to New York only in time to sail for home on October 7.

The Soviet Foreign Minister, M. Andrei Vyshinsky, has always refused to accept any deputy in the absence of the British Foreign Secretary. The New York Times said that it was believed that any meeting would be in an informal consultation and not a formal meeting as the Council of Foreign Ministers.

The deputies of the Foreign Ministers may meet again here tomorrow but the Soviet deputy, M. George Zarubin, was so uncompromising at Friday's meeting, at which all the disputed points were reviewed, that it was considered that the deputies would be able to do no more at another meeting than to prepare the question for submission again to their respective superiors.

The delay in settling the Austrian treaty is considered to be blocking further progress towards a peace treaty with Germany.

### NINE ARTICLES

Britain and the United States have been against suggestions of a meeting of the Foreign Ministers on the German question during this Assembly session, according to usually well-informed sources, unless the Austrian question is first solved. They do not want to tackle the German problem until Austria is out of the way.

The apparently complete breakdown of the Austrian talks, however, with nine articles of the treaty still to be worked out, has produced the impression that the Foreign Ministers may have to meet on that problem themselves.

The nine articles on which the deputies are still unable to agree deal chiefly with the disposition of foreign German assets in Austria and the return of assets held by the Russians as "war booty," which the Western powers say were not enemy property.—Reuter.

## UMBERTO REUNITING FAMILY

Nice, Sept. 25.—Ex-King Umberto of Italy said today he was trying to unite all the members of his family, but insisted that this family reunion had no special significance.

Rumours had been circulating here recently that the reunion was to reconcile the ex-King and his wife Marie Jose, or to arrange the transfer of the late Victor Emmanuel III's body from North Africa to Italy or to open the late King's will.

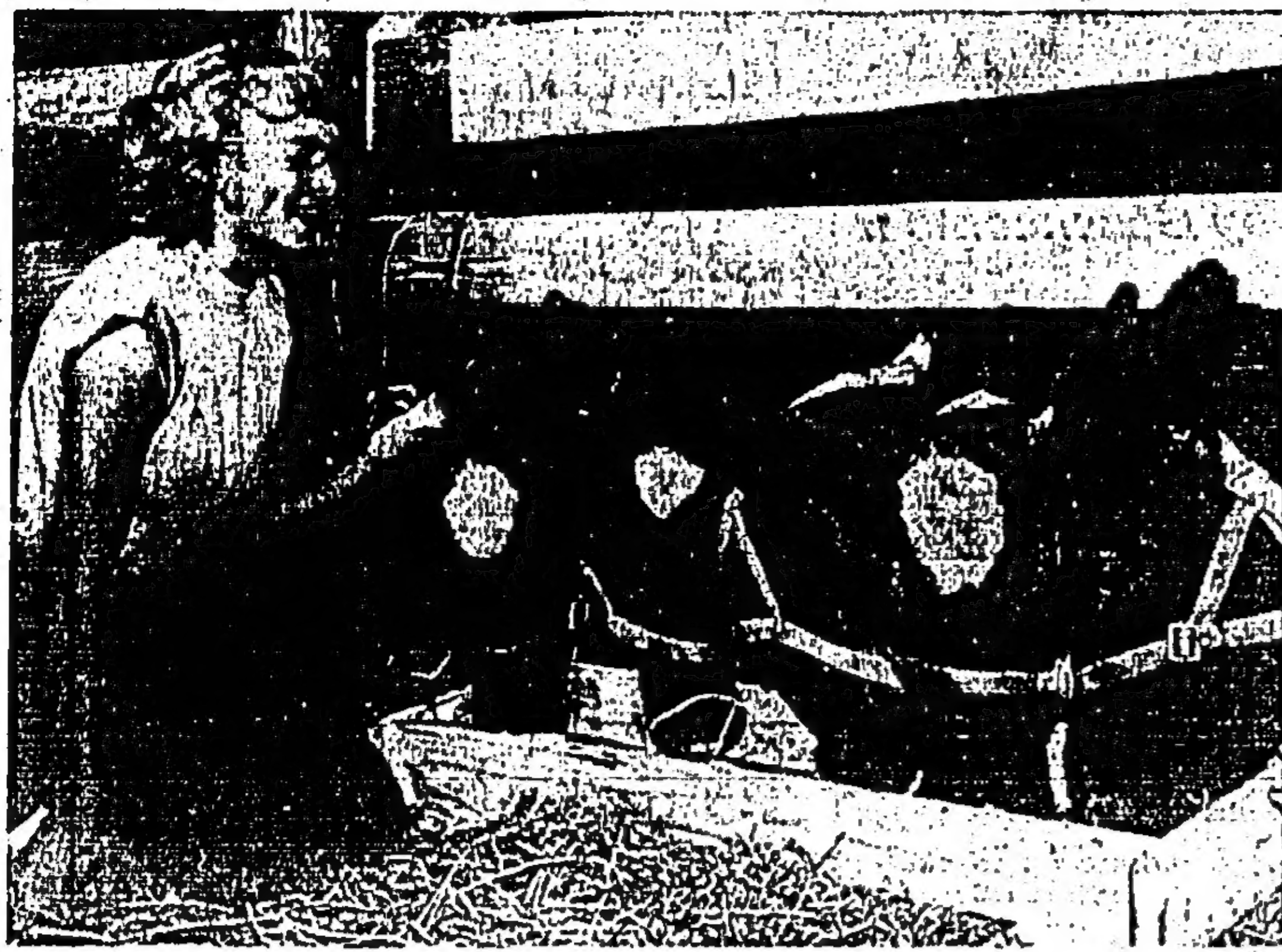
Regarding the rumours about Marie Jose, a spokesman for Umberto conceded the ex-Queen was expected to arrive here from Switzerland, but he declined to specify any date for her arrival.

Umberto's son, Victor Emmanuel, arrived from Switzerland last night. He was met by his father.

Umberto said his mother, ex-Queen Helena, was confined to her hotel with fever today. She is not seriously ill, he added.

"It is one of those things you have to accept at her age," Associated Press.

## FIVE OF A KIND



Quintuplet calves, considered rare in cow circles, feed at the Reading Fair in Reading, Pennsylvania, as pretty 15-year-old June Ellassen watches her charges. The heifers are owned by June's mother. (AP Picture).

## De Gaulle Says French Feeling Apprehensive

Bordeaux, Sept. 25.—General Charles de Gaulle told an open air meeting in Bordeaux Central Square today that the Atlantic Pact, "would be good if America had been able to preserve the monopoly of the atomic bomb." If the atomic weapon is to be in the hands of both camps, the Pact as now drawn up will lose a great deal of its efficacy for Europe, he stated.

He said that the French people were feeling "increasingly apprehensive. Official leaders in the country keep repeating that stability has been acquired and

security assured. I say this is not so," he said.

"Everybody knows that the French economy is only bolstered up owing to the temporary imports under the Marshall Plan. The budget is only balanced by inflation. The franc has had to admit to a free devaluation imposed from outside in a disquieting and irritating conditions. The questions of prices, salaries, housing and reconstruction are more acute than ever.

"The nation must be warned that nothing obliges nor pre-disposes the United States to take part on a big scale in the direct and immediate defence of our continent.

"As long as Europe does not constitute a sure and powerful bridgehead, do not let us expect that armadas will arrive to disembark their armies," General de Gaulle said.

"We know that England would fight at once if the West were attacked, but we know also that, because of air power, she has strategically ceased to be entirely an island.

### UP TO THE FRENCH

"We know she thinks first of her own defences and would not risk the main part of her forces to the continent.

"It is up to the French people to ensure French security. The immediate security of Europe and North Africa is, in the first instance, the responsibility of France."

Pleading for "active military units, equipment and mobility," he said: "As French military power affirms itself, co-operation from others will be more forthcoming and Europe will lift her head and look to us. I believe that the organization of Europe must come from Europe itself.

"A vast referendum of all free Europeans should be the starting point. France should take the initiative as soon as her public powers really represent the nation and not merely political parties in the process of dying.

"The German people must be included among the peoples of Europe. "Despite the cadence and anger which the mere mention of Germany arouses in millions of men, the man of common sense sees that the Germans are there in the middle of our continent—numerous, disciplined, dynamic and gifted by nature and by their work with a very great economic potential.

### WELL PROVIDED

"He sees them well provided with coal, equipped for large-scale production despite their ruins and dismantling, and capable of rising to great heights in thought, science and art as soon as they cease to be misled by the passion for conquest.

"He sees that as a result of Soviet domination, Europe is cut off from a very vast and valuable part of herself.

"He sees England withdrawing from Europe, attracted by the transatlantic mass."

"A united Europe must, therefore, if possible, incorporate the Germans," General de Gaulle added. "Europe will only be created if a direct agreement between Germans and Gauls can be reached."

Reuter.

## THE REAL CAUSE FOR FEAR

Sydney, Sept. 25.—The retiring President of the United Nations, Dr. H. V. Evatt, the Minister of External Affairs and Deputy Premier of Australia, said today that war rather than the atom bomb was the real cause for fear.

Commenting on President Harry S. Truman's announcement of an atomic explosion in Russia, Dr. Evatt added, "The enemy that must be fought is not the particular weapon but war itself.

"There are rules of justice which should be used to prevent war. The United Nations stands for peace and for a system by which peace can be obtained."

"My faith in the United Nations is firm and unwavering. As Mr. Truman has stated, the UNO is the chief bulwark of the people of the world against war."—Associated Press.

### Bus Accident Kills 42

Brno, Czechoslovakia, Sept. 25.—Forty-two people were reported to have been killed in a bus which was said to have crashed over a steep hillside near here last night.

According to the reports, which were unconfirmed, there were 70 passengers in the bus, which rolled to the foot of the hill.—Reuter.

## MICHAELMAS FANCY DRESS BALL

IN AID OF THE

H.K. SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF

AT

THE GRIPPS, HONG KONG HOTEL

ON

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 30TH.

The famous Chinese Film Star, MISS CHAU SHUEN will sing.

Fashion Parade of Chinese & European Dresses, Costume, Spotlight and Table Prizes.

Tickets (including dinner): SINGLE \$30 DOUBLE \$50

Tickets may be obtained and Table Reservations made

at the HONG KONG HOTEL.

A Worthy Cause—Please Come!

## Japan Will Press For Veto-free Peace Conference

Tokyo, Sept. 25.—The Government will press for the convening of a veto-free Japanese peace conference in diplomatic notes to 11 countries this autumn but will take no hasty action to call a conference without Russia, according to official opinion here.

Prospects for an early peace conference are still believed to be slight, however, since neither Russia nor the United States has shown signs of backing down on the key dispute over the big power veto right at the conference. Despite suggestions that the United States and Britain may decide to hold a conference and write a Japanese peace treaty without Russia, informed quarters believe that this threat will not be carried out.

It was pointed out that while the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, and the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, announced agreement on the "urgency" of settling Japan's peace terms, there has been no official indication that Britain and the United States want to frame a peace which would leave Japan in a legal state of war with Russia and subject to a separate settlement with Russia.

The United States and British drive for a peace conference was based on the belief that now Russia will consider it in her interest to abandon demands for the veto in order to gain potentially great advantages that would come from getting the United States occupation forces out of Japan.

### MORE TO LOSE

These officials say the only reason that the Russians held out for a Japan peace conference in the past two years is they did not want to allow the precedent of settling a break in the veto rule in other conferences where Russia has more to lose.

American experts generally agree that Russia expects to gain more from an early Japan peace settlement than do other Pacific allies. The Anglo-American willingness to proceed with the belief that the majority vote of the 11 nations participating in the conference will protect immediate Western interests in Japan while in the long run Japan can be counted upon to remain in the Western Democratic camp despite pressure from Red Asia—United Press.

### BIG FIRE IN VIENNA

Vienna, Sept. 25.—Fire swept through a third of a square mile of Vienna today when flames spread from an outbreak at the municipal omnibus garage near the Reichs Bridge spanning the Danube.

Seven large blocks of buildings, wooden buildings of the Siemens Schuckert Works and nearly 10,000 cubic feet of timber blazed as firemen battled to stop the fire from spreading.—Reuter.

### Bathing Beauties Had No Costumes

Kuala Lumpur, Sept. 25.—The bathing queen contest in the Lucky World Amusement Park was delayed two hours today because a dozen of the entrants did not have bathing suits.

The town had to be secured before the contest could be completed.—Associated Press.



ST. JOHN AMBULANCE BRIGADE.

### HONG KONG DISTRICT WANTED

Books, papers and magazines for distribution to service camps in the New Territories.

Please communicate with MRS. HOLMES-BROWN, 2 Tai Hang Road.

MR. K. C. WONG, Room 606, Bank of East Asia.

WE WILL ARRANGE TO COLLECT.

Additional collecting centres:—Hongkong Cricket Club, South China Morning Post, China Mail Office, Lower Peak Tramway Office.



"Philip—mother has told you so many times not to tam the screen."

## POCKET CARTOON



"Forget the dollar talks a moment, Mr. Hubbard—I'm a penny short."

London Express Service.

### BROADWAY

Final Showing Today At 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

Under Two Flags

RONALD COLMAN CLAUDETTE COLBERT

VICTOR MCGLAGLEN ROSEMARY RUSSELL

TO-MORROW

FOREVER AMBER

TECHNICOLOR

Directed by WILLIAM PERKINS

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